Technologies. Ludhiana and All India Coordinated Research Project (AICRP) on Farm Implements and Machinery and AICRP on Post-Harvest Technology are engaged in development of the equipments and technologies for production and post harvest management of pulses.

Statement

Important varieties of pulses released during the last 3 years (1997-2000)

Chickpea	: DCP 92-3, KGD 1168 (Alok), Vishal, CSG 8962 (Kamal Channa-I), GCP101 (Gujarat Gram-I), Pusa 1003 (Kabuli). BDG-72 (Pusa Pragati). BG 1053 (Pusa Chamatkar), JG-11 .KAK 2, GCP105, SAKI 9516.
Pigeonpea	: AKPH4101 (H), MA-3 (Malviya Vikalp)
Mungbean	: Pant Mung 4 (UPM 92-1), HUM-1, PBM 2, Pusa 9531. : Pusa Bold-l(Vishal)
Urdbean	: Shekhar-1 (KU 301), TU 94-2, IPU 94—1 (Uttara), KU : 92-1 (Azad Urd-1), RBU 36 (Barkha), WBG 26.
Lentil	: DPL-62 (Sheri), JL 3. IPL 81 (Noori)
Lathyrus	: BioL212(Ratan)
Fieldpea	: HUDP 15 (Malviya Matter 15), DDR 23.
Mothbean	: RMO-257, RMO-225, RMO-96, CAZRI Moth-1.

H: Hybrid.

Import of parent level breeding stock in poultry industry

4298. SHRI C. RAMACHANDRAIAH : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of dangerous and disastrous consequences of the present policy of allowing parent level breeding-stock import in the country, which makes it possible to import diseased and unhealthy birds;

(b) if so, whether Nationl Egg Co-ordination Committee of Andhra Pradesh had represented against the aforesaid policy and its dangerous consequences

of the poultry industry of country and the Andhra Pradesh Government had also requested for reconsideration of the policy;

(c) if so the details thereof; and

(d) the action taken by Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MTNISTTRY OF AGRICULTURE PR DEBENDRA PRADHAN): (a) to (d) The import of parent level breeding stock is in the restricted list of imports and is usually allowed on a one-time basis. The Government has specified veterinary health requirements for the importation of poultry into the country, which are strictly followed. Therefore, the question of these imports having disastrous consequences does not arise.

National Egg Co-ordination Committee and the Government of Andhra Pradesh had requested the Government to reconsider the above policy. However. this has not been agreed to as a ban on the import of parent level stock would be contrary to the principles governing international trade, where sanitary measures have to be based on sound scientific principles.

Building of warehouses abroad

4299. DR. BIPLAB DASGUPTA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have decided to build warehouses abroad and to enter into joint ventures, establish subsidiaries and alliances;

(b) if so, the countries where these warehouses would come up and by when; and

(c) what benefit India would derive from these houses ?

THE MTNISTEROF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SHRIPAD YESSO NAIK): (a) to (c) At present, the Warehousing Corporation Act. 1962 does not provide for setting up of warehouses abroad by the Central Warehousing Corporation, entering into joint ventures and establishing subsidiaries and alliances. However, the Warehousing Corporation (Amendment) Bill, 2001. which was introduced in the Parliament in Monsoon Session, provides for these provisions. The Bill has been passed by both Houses of Parliament. The Lok Sabha passed the Amendment Bill on 20-8-2001. The proposed amendments would enable the Corporation to explore potentials and possibilities of diversification of its activities.